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# **EXHIBIT A**

Case 1-17-01003-ess Duc 202-1 Filed 09/02/20 Efficied 09/02/20 19.43.09

B2570 (Form 2570 – Subpoena to Produce I	Jocuments, Information, or Objects or To	Permit Inspection in a Ban	kruptcy Case or Adversary Proceeding) (12/15)	
UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT				
Eastern	District of New York			
In re Tashanna B. Golden f/k/a				
Debtor		Case No. 16-40	809-ess	
(Complete if issued in an adversary proceeding)				
Tashanna B. Golden f/k/a Tashanna B. Pearson		Chapter 7		
Plain				
V. Nat'l Collegiate Student Loan Trust 2005-3, et al.		Adv. Proc. No.	Adv. Proc. No. 17-01005-ess	
Defen	dant			
			OR OBJECTS OR TO PERMIT R ADVERSARY PROCEEDING)	
To: Citibank, N.A., 6460 Las Colinas Blvd., LCB-110, Irving, Texas 75039				
(Name of person to whom the subpoena is directed)				
	d information, or objects, and		lace set forth below the following , copying, testing, or sampling of the	
PLACE Boies Schiller Flexner LLP	, 55 Hudson Yards, New	York, NY 10001	DATE AND TIME 3/02/20	
other property possessed or con	trolled by you at the time, date	e, and location set for	e designated premises, land, or orth below, so that the requesting party ignated object or operation on it.  DATE AND TIME	
attached - Rule 45(c), relating t	o the place of compliance; Rul	le 45(d), relating to	uptcy cases by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9016, are your protection as a person subject to a pena and the potential consequences of not	
	RK OF COURT			
		OR	t mound	
Signa	ture of Clerk or Deputy Clerk	Attorr	ney's signature	
The name, address, email addre Tahsanna B. Golden	ss, and telephone number of th , who issues or requests t		ting (name of party)	
George F. Carpinello, Boies Schil			2207, gcarpinello@bsfllp.com, (518) 434-0600	
TEAL:	Notice to the person who iss		s subpoena	

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or the inspection of premises before trial, a notice and a copy of this subpoena must be served on each party before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

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B2570 (Form 2570 - Subpoena to Produce Documents, Information, or Objects or To Permit (Inspection in a Bankruptcy Case or Adversary Proceeding) (Page 2)

## PROOF OF SERVICE (This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.) I received this subpoena for (name of individual and title, if any): on (date) \_\_\_\_\_. I served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named person as follows: on (*date*) \_\_\_\_\_; or I returned the subpoena unexecuted because: Unless the subpoena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I have also tendered to the witness the fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the amount of \$ My fees are \$ for travel and \$ for services, for a total of \$ . I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true and correct. Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Server's signature Printed name and title Server's address

Additional information concerning attempted service, etc.:

## Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45(c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13) (made applicable in bankruptcy cases by Rule 9016, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure)

#### (c) Place of compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
  - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.
- (2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:
- (A) production of documents, or electronically stored information, or things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
  - (B) inspection of premises, at the premises to be inspected.

#### (d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

- (1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees on a party or attorney who fails to comply.
- (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.
- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.
- (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.
- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
  - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
  - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- (B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or

- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

#### (e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- (B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

#### (2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (.1) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpocuaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
  - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
- (g) Contempt. The court for the district where compliance is required and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.

#### EXHIBIT A

### DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED

- Documents concerning your policies, procedures and practices for considering a
  borrower's educational cost of attendance when originating loans including, but not
  limited to, loans that are held by National Collegiate Student Loan Trust 2006-4 or
  GOAL Structured Solutions Trust 2016-A (herein after referred to as "Defendants") or
  are served by Firstmark Services LLC or Pennsylvania Higher Education Assistance
  Agency.
- 2. Documents concerning your policies, procedures and practices for considering whether a loan was a qualified education loan as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 523(a)(8) when originating loans including, but not limited to, loans that are held by Defendants.
- 3. Documents concerning your policies, procedures and practices for considering whether a borrower had other loans, scholarships or financial aid of any kind when originating loans that are held by the Defendants.
- 4. Documents sufficient to show the number of loans that you have made from 2005 to present and, of those loans, (a) which loans were certified by the educational institution as within the county of attendance, and (b) which loans were within the cost of attendance at the subject institution.
- 5. Documents sufficient to show how you report to credit reporting agencies the status of student loans made by you that are discharged in bankruptcy.
- 6. All documents relating to the transfer of any loans to the Defendants or to Goldentree Asset Management.
- 7. Documents concerning your policies, procedures and practices for determining whether a borrower on a student loan is entitled to notification that such borrower may be entitled to a tax deduction for some or all the interest paid on said loan under the Internal Revenue Code.
- 8. Documents that reflect how student loans that have been transferred by you to the Defendants or to Goldentree Asset Management are treated after they go to default.
- 9. Documents that reflect how student loans that have been transferred by you to the Defendants or to Goldentree Asset Management are treated after the borrower has received a discharge in bankruptcy.
- 10. The documents covering any representations or warrantees made by you with regard to the transfer of student loans to Defendants or Goldentree Asset Management.
- 11. All documents concerning the relationship, as it relates to student loans, of Citibank N.A. with the following:

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- a) Goldentree Asset Management
- b) GOAL Structured Solutions Trust, 2016
- c) GS2 Grantor-Trust 2016-A
- d) GS2 Depositor 2016-A, SPV, LLC
- e) Goal Structured Solutions, Inc.,
- f) Turnstile Capital Management, LLC
- g) Pennsylvania Higher Education Assistance Agency